



# ĐỀ THAM KHẢO HK1 – LỚP 9 (2021-2022)

## **I. Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence. (3.5 pts)**

1. The unit of \_\_\_\_\_ of Cambodia is riel.  
A. money                      B. currency                      C. exchange rate                      D. foreign money
2. A pagoda is a place of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. friendship                      B. gossip                      C. worship                      D. warship
3. Kuala Lumpur has a \_\_\_\_\_ of over 2 million.  
A. population                      B. history                      C. religion                      D. tradition
4. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is placed differently from the others  
A. edition                      B. internet                      C. picnic                      D. blanket
5. Ho Chi Minh City was named \_\_\_\_\_ President Ho Chi Minh, wasn't it?  
A. over                      B. on                      C. at                      D. after
6. Most visitors came to Japan and stayed at a seaside \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. shrine                      B. pagoda                      C. temple                      D. resort
7. Nowadays, people dress less traditionally, \_\_\_\_\_ it's difficult to say which country they are from.  
A. but                      B. however                      C. so                      D. although
8. "Congratulations on your exam result" – "\_\_\_\_\_."  
A. You're welcome                      B. Thanks a lot                      C. That's good                      D. All right
9. An: Have you ever ridden a buffalo-drawn carts, Ba? Ba: \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. No, but I'd like to. B. No, of course not                      C. Yes, I do                      D. Certainly
10. Most ethnic \_\_\_\_\_ peoples are good \_\_\_\_\_ farming techniques.  
A. minority /in                      B. minority /to                      C. minor /to                      D. minority /at
11. You have never eaten this pudding before, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. are you                      B. haven't you                      C. do you                      D. have you
12. They asked me who the editor of this book \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. is                      B. are                      C. was                      D. were
13. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others  
A. walk                      B. save                      C. way                      D. lake
14. Lan \_\_\_\_\_ love \_\_\_\_\_ in front of the computer for two hours but now she doesn't.  
A. used to /using                      B. used to / sitting                      C. uses to /doing                      D. use to /having

## **II. Caution Signs:**

<p>15. This sign means:</p> 	<p>A. No jogging C. No walking B. No chatting D. No swimming</p>	<p>16. What does this sign say?</p> 	<p>A. You can drive your car as freely as you like to drive it. B. You must drive your car like that. C. You must be careful because of the slippery road. D. There is a car-racing competition nearby.</p>
---	--	---	---

## **III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5pts)**

Last summer, I had a chance to join my friend's family on a trip to his home village, about 30 kilometers to the north of Da Nang. The village (17) \_\_\_\_\_ near the foot of Hai Van Pass. We went there by car. Our car ran at an average speed, (18) \_\_\_\_\_ we could enjoy the beautiful sights along the road.

The green paddy fields stretched as far as the eye could see. Some cows were grazing by the roadside. It did not take long, just about half an hour. The village is on the other side of the river, so we had (19) \_\_\_\_\_ the car under a big banyan tree by the ferry landing. We crossed the river by ferry. Like almost every village in the country, Nam's home village looks quiet and (20) \_\_\_\_\_ with bamboos, banyan trees, water wells.....We enjoyed the beautiful sights and the fresh air, met (21) \_\_\_\_\_ people and did interesting things. I hope I (22) \_\_\_\_\_ be able to get there again.

17. A. lays                      B. lies                      C. stands                      D. grows
18. A. because                      B. however                      C. but                      D. so

- |                   |            |                |                 |
|-------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 19. A. to park    | B. parking | C. parked      | D. park         |
| 20. A. peacefully | B. peace   | C. peaceful    | D. peacefulness |
| 21. A. economic   | B. equal   | C. traditional | D. friendly     |
| 22. A. will       | B. can     | C. am          | D. would        |

**IV. Read the passage carefully (1.5pt)**

The country is more beautiful than a town and more pleasant to live in. Many people think so, and go to the country for their summer holidays though **they** cannot live there all the year round. Some have a cottage built in a village so that they can go there whenever they can find the time. English villages are not all alike, but in some ways they are not very different from one another. Almost every village has a church, the round or square tower of which they can be seen for many miles around. Surrounding the church is the churchyard, where people are buried. The village green is a wide stretch of grass, and houses or cottages are built around it. Country life is now fairly comfortable and many villages have water brought through pipes into each house. Most villages are so close to some small towns that people can go there to buy what they can't find in the village shops.

**A. Decide if the statements that follow it are True – False:**

23. The town is not so beautiful as the country. \_\_\_\_\_
24. Many people live in the country all the year around because they have a cottage. \_\_\_\_\_
25. English villages are completely alike. \_\_\_\_\_
26. It is not far from most villages to some small towns. \_\_\_\_\_

**B: Choose the best answer:**

27 The word **they** means:

- A. villagers                      B. people                      C. holidays                      D. cottages

28. Which of the following statements is “ **not True**”

- A. The village shop sells everything.
- B. Almost every village has a church, the round or square tower.
- C. many villages have running water.
- D. Most villages are near some small town.

**V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5pts)**

29. He finds the trip to the countryside \_\_\_\_\_. (interest)
30. The Iphone 8 and 8 plus are now \_\_\_\_\_ available around the world. (wide)
31. What did you see at the \_\_\_\_\_ to the village? (enter)
32. Sy Hoang 's style is very modern and \_\_\_\_\_. (fashion)
33. The ao dai has been mentioned in many \_\_\_\_\_. (poet)
34. \_\_\_\_\_ of smart phones have increasingly been going up and up in recent years. (sell)

**VI. Rearrange these sentences: (0.5 pt)**

35. atmosphere / enjoyed / the peaceful / She / while / praying / Maryam was /

36. is / for me / Internet / to get / a fast and convenient way / information.

**VII. Rewrite these following sentences: (1.0 pts)**

37. Hurry up or you will miss the train.

If \_\_\_\_\_

38. We spent the whole day in the garden because the weather was lovely.

The weather \_\_\_\_\_

39. “Do you live with your parents?” the examiner asked me.

The examiner asked me \_\_\_\_\_

40. What a pity! Lan has no time to prepare for her test better.

I wish \_\_\_\_\_

**THE END OF THE TEST**